

## 8.—Marital Status of Immigrant Arrivals, by Sex and Age Group, 1966

Sex and Age Group	Single	Married	Widowed	Divorced	Separated	Total
	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
<b>Males—</b>						
0 - 14 years.....	25,395	—	—	—	—	25,395
15 - 19 ".....	6,972	95	—	—	1	7,068
20 - 24 ".....	13,485	3,946	3	24	16	17,474
25 - 29 ".....	8,708	9,450	13	105	52	18,328
30 - 39 ".....	3,679	15,191	42	259	109	19,280
40 - 49 ".....	529	6,618	55	149	66	7,417
50 - 59 ".....	118	2,738	94	56	27	3,033
60 years or over.....	69	1,789	437	41	18	2,354
<b>Totals, Males.....</b>	<b>58,955</b>	<b>39,827</b>	<b>644</b>	<b>634</b>	<b>259</b>	<b>100,349</b>
<b>Females—</b>						
0 - 14 years.....	24,036	5	—	—	—	24,041
15 - 19 ".....	5,806	1,839	—	—	—	7,645
20 - 24 ".....	9,487	9,170	11	51	19	18,738
25 - 29 ".....	4,932	9,826	23	133	45	14,959
30 - 39 ".....	2,472	12,191	99	257	77	15,096
40 - 49 ".....	547	5,086	319	220	81	6,253
50 - 59 ".....	200	2,357	984	143	96	3,780
60 years or over.....	217	1,307	2,209	87	62	3,882
<b>Totals, Females.....</b>	<b>47,697</b>	<b>41,781</b>	<b>3,645</b>	<b>891</b>	<b>350</b>	<b>94,394</b>

**Destinations and Occupations.**—Upon arrival in Canada, immigrants are asked to state their intended destinations. According to these records, Ontario absorbed by far the highest proportion of arrivals in the three-year period 1964-66—54.5 p.c. of all the males and 55.0 p.c. of all the females. Quebec was the second province of destination, receiving 21.7 p.c. of the males and 20.3 p.c. of the females, followed by British Columbia with 11.9 p.c. of the males and 12.6 p.c. of the females. The proportions intending to settle in the Prairie Provinces were 9.4 p.c. and 9.8 p.c., respectively, and in the Atlantic Provinces 2.3 p.c. and 2.1 p.c., respectively. The provincial distribution has changed little from year to year throughout the whole postwar period.

## 9.—Intended Province of Destination of Male and Female Immigrants Admitted to Canada, 1964-66

Province or Territory	1964			1965			1966		
	Males	Females	Total	Males	Females	Total	Males	Females	Total
	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
Newfoundland.....	224	221	445	303	301	604	422	383	805
Prince Edward Island.....	33	46	79	63	74	137	73	68	141
Nova Scotia.....	601	588	1,189	887	745	1,612	1,156	928	2,084
New Brunswick.....	320	376	696	573	501	1,074	670	613	1,283
Quebec.....	13,400	12,573	25,973	15,942	14,404	30,346	20,882	18,316	39,198
Ontario.....	30,358	31,110	61,468	40,357	39,345	79,702	55,230	52,391	107,621
Manitoba.....	1,581	1,425	3,006	2,053	1,895	3,948	2,607	2,525	5,132
Saskatchewan.....	873	922	1,795	1,238	1,411	2,649	1,621	1,819	3,440
Alberta.....	2,594	2,927	5,521	3,975	4,074	8,049	5,123	4,955	10,078
British Columbia.....	5,790	6,534	12,324	9,269	9,233	18,502	12,452	12,294	24,746
Yukon and Northwest Territories.....	51	59	110	67	68	135	113	102	215
<b>Canada.....</b>	<b>55,825</b>	<b>56,781</b>	<b>112,606</b>	<b>74,707</b>	<b>72,051</b>	<b>146,758</b>	<b>100,349</b>	<b>94,394</b>	<b>194,743</b>

In like manner, immigrant arrivals are asked to record the occupations they intend to follow in Canada. Approximately 50.9 p.c. of the persons admitted in 1966 declared that they would enter the labour force. The other 49 p.c. were wives, children and other dependants or were retired persons. Of the male workers, 25.1 p.c. were classed as managerial, professional and technical, 5.0 p.c. were clerical workers, 4.1 p.c. were in service occupations, 30.0 p.c. were in manufacturing, mechanical and construction trades, 9.6 p.c.